1. Install git
2. Open cmd
3. Check if it works by typing   
   git
4. Type   
   git config  
   (there is a global config for this computer and there can be project based configs)
5. Type   
   git config --list or git config -l
6. To change email or user name:  
   git config –-global user.name = "Alexandra Rollins"  
   git config –-global user.email = [alexandra.rollins@bwv-aachen.de](mailto:alexandra.rollins@bwv-aachen.de)
7. Inside project folder:   
   git init
8. To show status of files: git status
9. To stage: git add   
   git add . #adds all files  
   to unstage: git rm   
     
   #Adding a readme file:  
   git add README.md
10. git commit -m „initial commit”



git remote add origin [git@github.com:schulefant/dp01-strategy.git](mailto:git@github.com:schulefant/dp01-strategy.git)

git commit -m “initial commit”

## -u sets up the default for pushing   
## origin is the github location specified by the git remote add command  
## master is the master branch on the origin

git push -u origin master

## using the default settings indicated on the first push:

git push

Working with SSH keys in github

1. Open Git Bash.
2. Paste the text below, substituting in your GitHub email address.

$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "your\_email@example.com"

This creates a new ssh key, using the provided email as a label.

> Generating public/private rsa key pair.

1. When you're prompted to "Enter a file in which to save the key," press Enter. This accepts the default file location.

> Enter a file in which to save the key (/c/Users/*you*/.ssh/id\_rsa):*[Press enter]*

1. At the prompt, type a secure passphrase. For more information, see ["Working with SSH key passphrases"](https://help.github.com/en/articles/working-with-ssh-key-passphrases).
2. > Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): *[Type a passphrase]*

> Enter same passphrase again: *[Type passphrase again]*

Start ssh agent

# start the ssh-agent in the background

$ eval $(ssh-agent -s)

> Agent pid 59566

Add key to ssh agent:

$ ssh-add ~/.ssh/id\_rsa

**Adding a new SSH key to your GitHub account**

# Open rsa.pub in an editor and copy it to clipboard

# online go to your user system settings and add your key with add new key

**Testing a connection:**

1. Open Git Bash.
2. Enter the following:

ssh -T git@github.com

1. You may see a warning like this:

> The authenticity of host 'github.com (IP ADDRESS)' can't be established.

> RSA key fingerprint is 16:27:ac:a5:76:28:2d:36:63:1b:56:4d:eb:df:a6:48.

> Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)?

or like this:

> The authenticity of host 'github.com (IP ADDRESS)' can't be established.

> RSA key fingerprint is SHA256:nThbg6kXUpJWGl7E1IGOCspRomTxdCARLviKw6E5SY8.

> Are you sure you **want** to continue connecting (yes/no)?

1. Verify that the fingerprint in the message you see matches messag in step 2, then type   
   yes:

> Hi *username*! You've successfully authenticated, but GitHub does not

> provide shell access.

**branching and merging:**

git branch shows which branch we are currently on

git branch <nameOfBranch> creates a new branch

git checkout <nameOfBranch> moves HEAD-pointer to the branch

git diff <normMaster>..<nameOfBranchToMerge> shows the differences between the 2 branches

git merge <branchToMergeIntoCurrent> integrates the changes of the branch into the current branch

git log --oneline shows all commits in a compact form